

BEATEN

By Turkish Policemen Because They Were Petitioners.

THE ARMENIAN SUFFERERS

ARE NOT EVEN ALLOWED TO ASK THE SULTAN FOR PROTECTION.

And They are Set Upon by Turkish Police and Cruelly Beaten—Many are Killed and Others Badly Wounded—The Ottoman Was a Petition to the Sultan for Relief.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 3.—Trouble among the Armenians of this city has been brewing for a long time past, the bitter feeling against the authorities growing stronger as week after week passed without the adoption by the Turkish government of the scheme for reform in Armenia proposed by the representatives of the powers. The long smoldering flames of discontent, carefully fanned by the Armenian agitators, have at last broken out. Finally the Armenians determined at all hazards to make an attempt to present a petition to the sultan through the grand vizier, and a large body of Armenians on Monday marched with this intention toward the palace of the porte. The authorities in anticipation of trouble had stationed a strong force of police about the palace and the other public buildings were also guarded.

The arrival of the Armenians at the palace was the signal for several desperate encounters between them and the police, during which several Turks and a number of Armenians were killed or wounded. A conservative estimate of the affair places the killed at 10, with 40 persons severely wounded. In addition, as already cabled, about 500 arrests were made. Many Armenians during the affray were thrown to the ground and severely beaten by the Turkish policemen, after which they were securely bound and carted away to prison. One Armenian, after having been terribly beaten with a bludgeon, was shot and killed by police.

The rioting was continued almost throughout the remainder of the day, and so alarmed the government that the garrison was hastily ordered under arms, and has been so ever since, night and day, the troops being rigorously confined to barracks.

The students took an active part in the rioting. A crowd of these young men, during a fight with a squad of police, killed two of the Turkish officers and wounded a number of others. The arresting of Armenians went on all day Monday and Tuesday, and was accompanied by more bloodshed. Several Armenians who resisted attempts made to take them into custody being killed while fighting the police. In addition, eight Armenians were killed within the precincts of the ministry of police, where, besides, many persons were wounded.

The Turks were greatly enraged at the outbreak and threatened vengeance upon the Armenians. As a result, during the evening of Monday a body of Zofas (Mohammedan students of theology), armed with ugly looking sticks, assembled in a public square, threatening to start out and massacre the Armenians, but the authorities hurried several detachments of police to the spot, and the Mohammedan students were eventually dispersed.

The authorities are doing everything possible to belittle the affair, but there is no denying it was a most serious disturbance and that more trouble is anticipated.

The Turkish government in its efforts to calm the apprehension expressed on all sides, has sent a quieting circular to the envoys of the different foreign countries here.

At the palace the utmost consternation is said to prevail and every precaution has been taken to suppress further outbreaks upon the part of the dissatisfied Armenians.

REV. HINSHAW FOUND GUILTY.

Punishment Fixed at Imprisonment for Life.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 3.—"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty of murder in the second degree and fix his punishment at imprisonment for life." Such was the verdict returned at Danville yesterday by the 12 men who were sworn to try Rev. W. B. Hinshaw for the killing of his wife last February. Probenius quiet reigned throughout the court room as the jurors filed in and took their seats in the jurybox just two hours after they had retired to deliberate. Many were the speculations as to what the verdict would be, and when it was read not a sound was audible save the voice of the bailiff. Hinshaw sat perfectly still and to every appearance was perfectly indifferent. His aged parents broke down and wept profusely. The attorneys asked leave to make some motions later on, after which court adjourned. The verdict meets with the hearty approval of at least two-thirds of the community.

Dangerous Public Buildings.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Judge Cole of the district supreme court yesterday charged the grand jury to report on the condition of the government printing office and other federal buildings reported as dangerous to the safety of employees.

Cornice Maker.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Thomas Riordan, 31, cornice maker, fell six stories from a new building and was killed.

Gone to Join the Angels.

GRANTVILLE, W. Va., Oct. 3.—George Davis drank three gallons of cider on a bet and died in four hours.

GENERAL NELSON A. MILES

Promoted to the Position of General of the United States Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Secretary Lamont has issued an order detailing General Nelson A. Miles to duty in Washington as general of the army, and General Ringer, now on special duty in Washington, to command of the department of the east, with headquarters in New York.

Colonel Thomas M. Vincent, who had been Lieutenant General Schofield's chief of staff, is relieved from that duty.



GENERAL NELSON A. MILES.

and assigned to duty in the office of the adjutant general, in charge of the information bureau.

Colonel Samuel Brock, who has been General Miles' adjutant general at New York, is ordered to Washington to fill the place at headquarters vacated by Colonel Vincent.

Lieutenant Colonel Henry C. Corbin, who has been the ranking assistant adjutant general at the department, has been transferred to New York to become adjutant general of the department of the east.

COMING TO A CRISIS.

Venezuelan Matter Creates Considerable Interest at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Reports from St. Paul state that the American-Venezuelan syndicate will meet in New York tomorrow have awakened interest in Washington owing to its bearing on the negotiations between the United States and Great Britain concerning Venezuela.

The St. Paul advices announced that Secretary Olney had sent three letters to Ambassador Bayard instructing him to notify Great Britain that unless the Venezuelan question was submitted to arbitration within 90 days the United States would enforce the Monroe doctrine.

That such letters have been sent can not be confirmed at the state department; Secretary Olney will not admit that he has sent one or three letters on the subject, nor will he give any intimation as to the status of the question. Senator Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, said today that he was uninformed as to any such letters.

NEW FLAG DEFENDER.

The Armored Cruiser Brooklyn Successfully Launched.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—The United States armored cruiser Brooklyn was launched into the waters of the Delaware at Cramp's shipyard. Miss Ida May Schieren, daughter of the mayor of Brooklyn, broke a bottle of American champagne on the cruiser's bow and said: "I christen thee Brooklyn."

After the great monster, which is expected to strike terror to foreigners who would insult the American flag, had been successfully launched in the usual way, luncheon was served in the mould loft and a number of felicitous speeches were made.

The Brooklyn is regarded by naval experts as a marvel in the art of marine architecture. She is classed a steel armored cruiser, having four 8 inch barbette turrets. Her cost, exclusive of armament, is \$2,986,000.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Intimately Connected With the Disappearance of a Bank Cashier.

Mr. VERNON, Ind., Oct. 3.—First National bank officials say an investigation shows that Albert Wade, the absconding assistant cashier, took with him on Monday \$18,000 of the bank's funds. The total shortage is not known, but it is supposed to be about \$30,000. He was also treasurer for this county of the Indiana Mutual Building and Loan association, in which he is short in his accounts probably \$1,500. It seems to be the old story of "Chicago wheat."

Cholera Raging in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 3.—The cholera reports received from the province of Vorhyma for the first fortnight of September are quite sensational. It appears that during that period there were 7,551 new cases of that disease and 3,085 deaths from the same cause.

To Be Brought Before the Grand Jury

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—District Attorney Bauey says he will bring the case of Miss Flagler, who killed a negro boy named Green while he was stealing fruit from a tree, before the grand jury now in session.

Fatal Runaway Accident.

MOORE'S HILL, Ind., Oct. 3.—In a runaway, Anna Blodgett of Moorefield, Switzerland county, was thrown from a carriage in which she was driving with friends. She has died from her injuries.

Eaton Window Glass Company.

MUNCIE, Ind., Oct. 3.—Charlie Eli of the Eaton Window Glass company has purchased the Gilman window glass works from the receiver, and the factory will

TERRIFIC

Wind and Rain Storm on the Coast of Great Britain.

EIGHTEEN PERSONS KILLED

AND NO END OF SMALL CRAFTS SENT TO THE BOTTOM OF THE SEA.

Many Fishermen Missing Whom It is Feared are Lost—Nineteen Steamships and Thirty-seven Smaller Crafts Wrecked—The Coast Covered With Debris.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The intense heat which has prevailed throughout Great Britain during the past 10 days, a state of affairs classed as unprecedented in weather records here for this time of the year, culminated Tuesday in a sudden drop of 25 degrees in the temperature. This was followed by a heavy gale, which has already caused much damage along the coast.

Several vessels are reported as being ashore on the Gore sands. Their crews have been rescued by the lifeboat men.

On the Somersetshire coast there have been several exciting rescues, and in Bridgewater bay a steam tug, after a long battle with the waves, sank near the shore, drowning her engineer, who stuck to his post to the last. The remaining members of the tug's crew succeeded in swimming ashore.

Late yesterday a dispatch was received from Southampton saying that the bark Latonia, bound for Preston from Florida with a cargo of timber, was ashore near there. Life boats were promptly sent to her assistance and the crew taken off in safety.

Altogether 19 steamers and large sailing vessels and 37 smaller craft are reported to have been lost. Only 18 lives are known to have been lost, but it is feared that more sailors and fishermen have lost their lives, as the coasts of Devonshire and Somersetshire are strewn with wreckage.

CANNIBALISM IN CHINA.

Warring Foes Kill Their Prisoners and Eat Their Flesh.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 3.—Two large villages, Pian Cheng and Lang Cheng, distant seven miles from Ty Sun in the Canon province, China, were recently the scenes of shocking deeds in cannibalism and wanton destruction of productive property.

By a night attack the people of Lang Cheng cut the sea embankment and let in the water so as to drown a large part of their enemies. Reprisals followed, and though the villages are distant only 30 miles from the two districts of Hai Hong and Lok Kong, the fighting continued for over a month, involving many villages and causing a large number of deaths.

By one side three and on the other four prisoners were taken alive. These men were killed and eaten, seven in all. It was not in this case, as in some cases, an eating of the heart and gall only. Every eatable portion was consumed, most of it being given to the children of the respective villages.

Though not unprecedented in this district such an act of cannibalism is unusual and led to the appointment of a special deputy to inquire into the case.

Great Men Differ.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Some days ago Judge Cole of the supreme court of the District of Columbia rendered a decision in which he held that a mail carrier has no lien for compensation due him upon any moneys due by the United States to contractor or subcontractor for services performed on any route other than his own. Judge Reeve, the solicitor of the treasury, however, takes a contrary view of the case.

Terribly Beaten by Roughs.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Oct. 3.—Edward Hillstrom, a prominent business man of Chester, was terribly beaten by a gang of 17 men at Forter. He got in a dispute with one man and the whole crowd jumped on him. He may die. Warrants were issued yesterday morning and officers have gone to Forter to arrest his assailants.

Want American Furniture.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Horace Lee Washington, vice consul general at Cairo, in a report to the department of state, calls attention to the opening in Egypt for American furniture. He says the demand is good and retail prices of similar grades are double or treble those ruling in New York, while the duty is but 5 per cent.

Gang of Incendiaries Broken Up.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 3.—A powerful gang of incendiaries was broken up yesterday by the arrest at Bardonia of Will Tilford, John Badger and Joe Grant, colored, of Bloomfield, Ky. It is believed they are in the pay of insurance swindlers.

No Change in Mahone's Condition.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—At 12 o'clock last night there had been no material change in General Mahone's condition. The greater part of the time he sleeps and is conscious only at intervals.

English Champion Knocked Out.

VANPETH, N. Y., Oct. 3.—McKeever of Philadelphia knocked out Valentine, the English champion, in the seventeenth round last night.

Burglar Fell Five Stories.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—A young burglar fell five stories from a fire escape and was killed. His identity is unknown.

DURRANT TRIAL.

Fifty-nine Students of Cooper College Called to the Stand.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 3.—The defense in the Durrant case did yesterday that which it has often urged the prosecution to do. Attorney Durrant called to the stand 59 members of the class to which Dr. Cheney lectured on the afternoon of April 2, and asked each of them if he answered to Durrant's name at roll call. Every answer was in the negative. Attorney Durrant went further and asked each student if he knew of any other student who had answered for Durrant. Not one of the witnesses had any information on the subject.

Of the students summoned to the stand not one knew whether Durrant was at the lecture room in Cooper college on the day that Blanche Lamont was murdered. Neither could they call to mind any other student who was there. It is expected that the remaining 14 members of the class will be called to the stand today.

Great stress was laid by both sides yesterday on the memory of the witnesses as to the individual students who attended the lecture. While the prosecution showed that no one of the students who were placed on the stand remembered seeing Durrant at the lecture, the defense brought out the fact that the witnesses did not remember any other student present. Yesterday's testimony, therefore, resulted in no material advantage to either side.

AFTER MANY YEARS

A Hoosier, Who Disappeared in 1863, Reappears in Kokomo.

KOKOMO, Ind., Oct. 3.—A story of the Enoch Arden flavor developed in Kokomo this week. In the autumn of 1863 Aaron Swain, then a resident of Mechanicsburg, Henry county, took the gold fever and went to California, leaving a wife and two children, a daughter 8 years old and an infant son, promising to return in a few years with the expected fortune. He accumulated the fortune, but did not return.

Tuesday the long-missing man walked into the home of his daughter, declaring himself very much alive after an absence of nearly one-third of a century, and it was a joyous meeting. He was informed that the wife of his early days, and the mother of his children, was years ago installed in another household and rearing another family, but the intelligence did not materially disturb him. "She has no per cent over me on that score," he replied. "I have another wife and family in California myself." The original Mrs. Swain is expected up from Henry county today, and the meeting of the aged couple will be an interesting one. All parties concerned are on the most friendly terms.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF WOOL

Has Diminished During the Past Year, Says a Report From Rouen.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—According to a report to the state department from United States Consul Bigelow at Rouen, the world's production of wool has not increased during the past year, but has actually diminished. In France the product has steadily diminished from 82,151,430 kilograms in 1840 to 20,275,716 in 1893. The quality of the wool does not improve, and owing to the high price of meat sheep are being raised for that purpose instead of for wool.

LAKE, RIVER AND CANAL.

Fleet of Steel Canalboats Completes Its Round Trip.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 3.—The fleet of six steel canalboats intended for trade between Cleveland and New York via the Erie canal and the Hudson river completed its first round trip by arriving in this port after being weather bound at Fairport for three days. It had on board a consignment of sugar which will be shipped to Kansas City, St. Louis and other parts of the southwest.

Tin Plate Prospects.

ANDERSON, Ind., Oct. 3.—President Jackson of the Middletown Tin Plate company reaffirms his statements that the tin plate mills will have to close at the end of the year unless wages can be reduced and steel prices come down.

Good Prices For Yearlings.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 3.—The sale of Edgewater stud yearlings at Oakley race track yesterday resulted in some good prices, five of the colts selling for \$3,875.

TEMPLE CUP SERIES.

First Game Full of Snap and Ginger From Start to Finish.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 3.—About 7,000 people witnessed the opening game between the White Sox and the Cleveland Indians in the Temple cup series here yesterday. The weather was perfect, the air being just cool enough to put life into the players and the sky was without a cloud. The game was full of snap and ginger from start to finish, the fielding being sharp on both sides, though the visitors made a better showing in the score. Young was in the box for the home team while McMahon handled the ball for the visitors.

The ice was broken in the fifth inning, when McGraw drove a corking single to left field. He was followed by Young with a safe infield hit. Barrett's clever sacrifice advanced both runners, and McGraw scored on McKean's fly to Gibson. Baltimore took the score in the sixth on McGraw's pop hit over third, Keefe's sacrifice, Jennings' fly out to center and McGraw's single. Cleveland led 3-0, but Cleveland's 4-2 runner's single and Blake's double tied the field fence. Baltimore went two better in the eighth. McGraw hit to left, advanced on Keefe's out and scored on Jennings' single. Keefe's single advanced Jennings to third, and he scored on Brodie's force out of Kelly at second. Cleveland got another in this one inning on Tebeau's double and Blake's single.

After Baltimore had made one in the ninth on doubles by Robinson and McGraw, the home team closed the game with two runs made on a double by Barrett, singles by McKeon, Childs, McAfee and Zimmer. McGraw, McGraw and Kelly carried off the honors at the bat, and McGraw, Young and Jennings on infielding.

Following is the score by innings:
Cleveland ... 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 2 3
Baltimore ... 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 1 4

NO FIGHT

Between Corbett and Fitzsimmons in the Lone Star State.

THE GOVERNOR STOPS IT

BY CALLING A SPECIAL SESSION OF THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE

And Having Them Pass Some Legislation Adverse to All Fistic Encounters in the Lone Star State—There is no opposition to the measure.

ATLANTA, Oct. 3.—There will be no prize fight at Dallas Oct. 31 between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. This fact was settled yesterday afternoon by the Texas legislature in exactly three hours by the vote of the two committees, one in the senate and the other in the house, gave an audience to the Dallas attorneys yesterday morning to ascertain their objections and protests to the passage of the law. After hearing the gentlemen until noon the two committees adjourned. Yesterday afternoon when the two houses met at 3 o'clock both committees were ready to report, and the senate bill was very promptly considered. From the time the bill was placed before the senate until it finally passed was exactly 55 minutes. During this time Senator Dean opposed the bill and Senator Lasker spoke in its favor. These were the only two gentlemen who spoke on the bill, the balance satisfying themselves by voting.

The vote on the final passage of the bill was 27 yeas and 1 nay. Dean being the negative voter. The bill was immediately sent over to the house and at 4 o'clock that body began discussing it, substituting the senate bill for the house bill. After several gentlemen had spoken on the bill and the emergency clause pro and con a final vote was reached at 6 o'clock precisely, and the bill passed the house by a vote of 110 to 5. Thus, within three hours did the Texas legislature forever put an end to prize fighting in Texas.

This time Tuesday it would have been impossible to have passed a bill with an emergency clause. There were only 92 members present Tuesday, and of that number 15 were opposed to the emergency clause. It was necessary to have 86 yeas to carry the emergency clause. The administration forces readily saw that the minority would do them if the matter came to a vote, so they immediately wired all their friends to come here immediately, and then set about killing time until their friends could arrive. They had 83 only Tuesday night, but the absentees came flocking in on yesterday's trains. Each additional arrival added to the administration forces, and when everything was arranged the rush for the vote was made. The fight management were confused at the war the solons swarmed in, and practically gave up the fight by 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was almost a certainty yesterday morning that the Populists would be called over to the Dallas side of the question, but a cog was shipped, and on the vote they went with the administration forces, which clinched the matter.

Will Bring the Fight On.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—L. M. Houseman, sporting editor of the Inter Ocean, late last night received the following telegram from Dan A. Stuart, president of the Florida Athletic club: "Having never intended the breach of a law, and one having passed the legislature today, I will surely bring the contest off on the date advertised at a point outside of Texas of easy access. Due notice of the scene of contest will be given in two or three days."

SENATOR FAIR'S ALLEGED WIDOW

Goes to the Penitentiary on a Long Term For Embezzlement.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 3.—Lillie Bayer, one of the women who claims to be the lawful widow of the late Senator James G. Fair, is now a prisoner at San Quentin, where she will serve a term of 10 years for embezzlement. Soon after the death of Senator Fair she announced that she had married the millionaire in 1892 and that one son was the result of the union. She asserts positively that she has papers in her possession which will prove her claims, and says further that the senator decided to her a ranch in this state, the revenues of which were devoted to the rearing and educating of the boy. She says she has been offered \$50,000 to release her claim on the Fair estate, and that because she refused she was sent to prison.

Annual Conclave of Knights of Pythias.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 3.—The annual conclave of the grand commandery of Ohio Knights of Pythias met here. Officers were elected as follows: Right eminent grand commander, John P. McCune; Columbus; vice eminent grand commander, Barton Smith; Toledo; eminent grand generalissimo, Robert V. Hampson; eminent grand captain general, Stephen P. Sands; eminent grand prelate, Thomas J. Melish was elected. The next conclave will be held at Dayton.

Fireworks Explode.

JERSEY CITY, Oct. 3.—An explosion occurred yesterday afternoon in Jacob Detweiler's fireworks factory in the Greenville district. Five employees were injured, all except one of them being boys from 14 to 16 years of age.

Chair Factory Burned.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—The extensive chair factory of F. Herbold & Son, 13 West Erie street was gutted by fire yesterday afternoon. Loss \$50,000.

CREATED A SENSATION.

Mrs. Gustav Pabst Marriages Her Husband.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 3.—Mrs. Gustav Pabst, formerly Margaret Mathier, the actress, created a sensation near their home at Twenty-ninth and Cedar streets yesterday afternoon, by straining her husband, a son of the wealthy brewer, several times with a horsewhip. Mr. and Mrs. Pabst were driving along Twenty-seventh street about noon when suddenly, just as they were to turn into Cedar street toward their home, Mrs. Pabst grabbed the whip from the pocket, and, doubling it up, struck Mr. Pabst full in the face. Mr. Pabst jumped out of the buggy and started down the street. The lady drove the horse to a post, hitched it, and followed her husband, overtaking him a block away, where she struck him four times in the face. Young Pabst then wrenched the whip from her hand and threw it away. But the one-sided battle was by no means ended, for she then clenched her fist and planted a blow from the shoulder square on his nose. Then Mr. Pabst moved on at a rapid pace, the lady following. The affair took place in a fashionable part of the city and was witnessed by a large number of people.

Gustav Pabst and Margaret Mathier were married in Kenosha in November, 1892, but the wedding was kept a secret for several months, creating a great sensation when it finally became known. The bride soon, after left the stage and has since lived quietly with her husband in this city.

Friends of the couple give no explanation for the trouble, and Mr. Pabst has not been found since the encounter.

HE KILLED HIS CHILD.

An Unnatural Father Pleads Guilty to a Horrible Crime.

DECATUR, Ill., Oct. 3.—Charles N. Smith, who killed his child Louise and sister-in-law, Edna Buchart, was arraigned in court charged with the murder. He pleaded guilty to the charge as to the child, but not guilty as to the sister-in-law. Judge Vail said: "This is a serious matter. Court must sentence you to death, to prison for life or not less than 14 years. Knowing this, do you still desire to plead guilty?" "I do," said Smith, calmly. "And I plead guilty to killing the baby." The judge said: "I wish to hear the evidence in the case and inform myself as to the history of this man." It was then settled that the evidence would be heard next Monday. The belief is that the judge will pass sentence of death Monday, only nine days after the murder.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Three Persons Killed and Four Seriously Wounded.

ESSEX, Ont., Oct. 3.—A fatal accident occurred at the Michigan Central railway crossing here yesterday afternoon. Thomas and William Mooney and their father, Edward Mooney, together with the hired man, Dennis Burke, and a Miss Jones, were driving to the fair. When on the main street crossing their vehicle was struck by the westbound express. The train was going at the rate of 40 miles an hour. Dennis Burke, Thomas Mooney and William Mooney were killed. Edward Mooney and Miss Jones were seriously injured.

To Paint Mrs. Cleveland's Portrait.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Herman Vos, an artist from Holland, has arrived. Artist Vos has been here before. It is said that his special mission this time is to paint a portrait of Mrs. Grover Cleveland.

Yellow Jacket's Sting Proves Fatal.

WHITESBURG, Ky., Oct. 3.—The 3-year-old child of George Holbrook died yesterday from a yellow jacket sting after only 15 minutes' suffering.

General O. M. Poe Dead.

DETROIT, Oct. 3.—General O. M. Poe, the well known United States engineer, died suddenly at his residence in this city.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Oct. 3. New York.

Beef—Family, 18 00/12 00; extra mess, 17 50 00; packed, 16 00/12 00; On and under, 15 00/12 00; pork, 16 00/12 00; lard—Western, 15 00/12 00; family, 12 00/12 00; short clear, 13 00 00/12 00.

Butter—Western dairy, 15 00/12 00; creamery, 14 00/12 00; Eastern, 13 00/12 00; creamery, 12 00/12 00; Cheese—State large, 10 00/12 00; small, 9 00/12 00; part skims, 8 00/12 00; full skims, 7 00/12 00; Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 17 00/12 00; western fresh, 15 00/12 00.

Chicago.

Cattle—Fair to good heaves, 13 00/12 00; stockers and feeders, 12 00/12 00; mixed cows and bulls, 11 00/12 00; Texas, 12 00/12 00; western, 12 00/12 00.

Hog—Light, 13 00/12 00; rough packing and shipping, 12 00/12 00; mixed, and butchers, 11 00/12 00; heavy packing and shipping, 10 00/12 00; pigs, 12 00/12 00.

Sheep—Native, 11 00/12 00; western, 12 00/12 00; 1 1/2, Texas, 12 00/12 00; Lambs—12 00/12 00.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, 14 00/12 00; fair to good butchers, 13 00/12 00; bulls, cows and stags, 12 00/12 00.

Hog—Heavy, 14 00/12 00; medium, 13 00/12 00; 1 1/2, roughs, 12 00/12 00.

Sheep and Lambs—Extra, 13 00/12 00; good medium, 12 00/12 00; common, 11 00/12 00; spring lambs, 12 00/12 00; 1 1/2 calves, 10 00/12 00.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 100 00/12 00; No. 1 mixed, 98 00/12 00; No. 2 mixed, 21 00/12

No Nerves Quaking
No Heart Palpitating
No Dyspeptic Aching

**MAIL
POUCH
TOBACCO**
Nicotine Neutralized
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

ALL HAVE PUZZLING NAMES.

The New Colors Which Will be Worn the Coming Season.

It is a wise woman these days, says the New York World, who can call the color of her new fall gown by its proper name. A dark, rich plum color is known as radjal. Jacinthe is the somewhat odd name given to a beautiful blue gray which promises to be much worn.

Maria Antoinette blue bears a striking resemblance to ultramarine. A charming pinkish mauve which appears to be the color of the hour is called by those who know amaryllis. An inconspicuous gravel color which combines effectively with both bright and dark shades is known as graver. The different shades of brown, all of which are popular, are referred to by so many puzzling names that it is useless to learn them. But whether their names are unpronounceable or not the colors themselves this season are unusually beautiful.

Dr. Hand's Colic Cure.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 5, 1894.—The Hand Medicine Co., Philadelphia:—We have used the sample bottle of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure with entire success and find that it does all that is claimed for it. No praise can be too great for such a truly wonderful remedy, and we cheerfully recommend it to anyone having a baby with the colic. I remain sincerely yours, Ferdinand M. King, 86 Scott street.—Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children sold by all druggists, 25c.

Where the Lemons Grow.

Few Americans are aware of the fact that if it were not for the little island of Sicily now there would be no lemons, nor are many aware of the great importance of this commerce and of its necessity to the United States. The production of lemons in America is so limited at the present time, both as regards quantity and seasons, that all of California's and Florida's products do not supply 10 per cent. of the country's needs after the months of August and September, when our domestic lemon crop matures, and but for Sicily we should be without any lemons whatsoever, except for a few that Spain sends us, during the rest of the year. Accurate figures show that from September 10 to April 30 during the last five years the importations from Sicily have been about 1,200,000 boxes every year, each containing 300 lemons. This is equal to 300,000,000 lemons.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 35 cents per box. For sale by Melville Bros.

Over in Europe.

The marriage of Prince Frederick, the eldest son of Prince and Princess William, of Schaumburg-Lippe, and Princess Louise, eldest daughter of Crown Prince and Crown Princess of Denmark, is to take place at Copenhagen about October 30. Prince Frederick, who will inherit his father's estates in Bohemia, is a brother of the Queen of Wurtemberg and of the Princess of Waldeck-Pyrmont.

The Queen of Greece, with Princess Marie and Prince Christophoros, of Greece, and the Grand Duke and Duchess Alexander Mikhailovich are at Copenhagen. Prince Nikolaus, of Greece, will join the gathering at Bernstorff after having attended the French maneuvers.

From a Findlay Mother.

"Having used Dr. Hand's Colic Cure for my baby, I can fully recommend it. I have used a great many medicines for baby colic, and none have done so much good. I will hereafter use no other remedy for colicky babies.—Mrs. L. Tanner, Findlay, Ohio.—Dr. Hand's Colic Cure, Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and all of Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children sold by all druggists at 25c.

\$5.00 lamps for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands' lamp sale.

Growth of the American Idea.
That champion of the ultra-modern, Dr. Charles M. Depew, makes a statement of interest in the American newspaper which is the subject of the new old British journal—the method. When he was in London five years ago, he received at his hotel a polite note asking when it would be convenient for him to see a newspaper representative. After the interview was in type, proofs were submitted to him so that he might see whether he was quoted accurately. The letter went to England repeated, called at his hotel and sent up their cards. They asked some questions then, but not so many, "principally about American securities."

By this time great was the change. The British newspaper young men have been "cutting out" to the American way rapidly. Mr. Depew's steamer landed at 5 in the morning. At 6 he went down to breakfast to find an English reporter waiting beside his chair, "saying in the well-remembered New York way, 'Are you Mr. Channey Depew?'" Then the young man fired off at him a succession of questions covering politics, economics and social questions, all in a breath, precisely as the Yankee reporter does always.

Well, we are glad to have taught our British brethren something about newspaper making. We hope their journals will in consequence become less dreary and heavy and less difficult to read in future. There is no doubt of it, the American newspaper is the most readable one in the world. It puts the most into a small space. The time is coming when its news will be absolutely truthful as well.

Mean Business.

It is a very ungracious role some writers and some private individuals undertake to play in this life—that of tearing to pieces and picking flaws in the people and the objects that the world in general most admires. Perhaps they call their role that of critics. It degenerates frequently into that of the mere ill-natured meddler.

For years all lovers of English literature have been admiring George Eliot. She has put before us wonderful thought, clothed in exquisite language. The personality of the woman was not in her work at all, and in consequence that work was of the highest order.

But now comes Mrs. E. Lynn Linton, whose mission it apparently is to find only fault with everything and everybody in this universe, and tells us that the great George Eliot was "unwashed, unkempt and unbrushed," that she dressed badly and held her arms and hands kangaroo fashion. This is probably not true. Probably Mrs. E. Lynn Linton's law picking spirit has become so exaggerated that molehills are mountains to her inflated imagination. That is the invariable effect that years of law picking have on the law picker.

But even if it were in a measure true, why rake up the corpse of George Eliot from its tomb? George Eliot left a glorious record of genius and conscientious work behind her, that is enough. People who are always looking for faults become in time themselves exaggerated specimens of the very faults they find in others. This is the mental law, and there is no escape from it. Look for the good, and you will always find it.

Booker T. Washington, the colored man who was the oratorical hero of the day at the opening of the Atlanta exposition, crowded as much common sense into his speech as any white man on this continent could have done. "You must not expect overmuch from us," he said to the white folk, "starting as we did 30 years ago with ownership in a few quilts and pumpkins and chickens gathered from miscellaneous sources." He knew how to pay graceful compliments as well as an accomplished courter, too, thanking both north and south for the help they had given the black people in preparing for the exposition. It is interesting to know that he regards the agitation for social equality of the races as the "extremest folly," in which he is exactly right. The American negro now wants most of all to "saw wood and say nothing." He needs to lay up money to get an education, to get good manners and good morals and to train himself to the habits of living common among refined people, white or black. There are words of gold from the address. "The opportunity to earn a dollar in a factory just now is worth infinitely more than the opportunity to spend a dollar in an opera house."

Booker T. Washington is a man with a future. He is the founder and principal of the colored people's industrial institute at Tuskegee, Ala.

There is a new mix in Oklahoma since the supreme court's decision invalidating over 1,000 divorces obtained in the territory in the past three years. Probate judges granted divorces when the applicant had resided in the territory 90 days. Unhappy ones from all portions of the Union hurried to Oklahoma to have their burdens loosed. It was so beautiful and easy. Then they hurried and married somebody else. That is what many persons want divorces for. But now not only are the divorces illegal, but the subsequent marriages are too. The complications resulting are simply horrible to think of. The legislature ought to pass some sort of an enabling act for the wretched ones it so fooled before.

Fiji. Fiji women have a most affectionate disposition, although, like all semi-civilized people, they are extremely sensitive and ready to take offense at the slightest trifles. Their skins are usually of a bright dark brown, smooth and glossy as polished marble, and many, while young, possess handsome features and most symmetrical forms, but unfortunately their natural grace speedily disappears after marriage.

While unmarried their hair, picturesquely adorned with lotus and other flowers, is permitted to fall in thin plaits down the back of the neck. This is regarded as a sign of maidenhood. After marriage the plaits are cut off and not allowed to be worn again.

In Suva and Levuka the women generally wear a blouse-shaped muslin of this white cotton, but in their homes or in the interior districts they are content with the sulu, a kind of loon cloth, made from the bark of the native mulberry tree and wrapped two or three times around the body.

When taking part in the meke-meke, or native dances, the girls wear a short, thick petticoat of dried grass, adorned with black and yellow tappa streamers, the bodies remaining bare from the waist upward.

Shoes and stockings are discarded by Fiji women of all classes except on special occasions.—St. Paul's.

Two Doctors.

Almost every one has made his just about the proneness of doctors to disagree, the one prescribing exactly an opposite course from that ordered by another, but not every one has had an opportunity to conduct such an experiment as was made by the late Baron Lutz, formerly prime minister of Bavaria.

The Baron was once severely wounded in battle in both legs. The wound in one leg was much like that in the other. It struck him that there was a chance to study the ways of the surgical profession and beguile the long hours of his convalescence. He accordingly called in one doctor and gave him charge of his right leg, but told him nothing about the wound in the other, and then called in another doctor for his left leg, keeping him similarly in ignorance about the wounded right leg.

The doctors adopted a very different method of treatment, but both wounds healed at about the same time. When the Baron's legs were quite well, he derived a great deal of amusement from getting the doctors together and mystifying them with questions about the way each had treated "his leg."—Atlanta Constitution.

Walking.

For walking with pleasure and advantage I should give a few simple rules. The application of these rules for himself every man must make with due allowance for his own peculiarities. Take plenty of time at meals. Do not walk right after a meal. Rest well before the noon and evening meals. Drink all you desire of good water during the tramp, but sparingly at meals or just before eating. Good digestion is as important to good walking as it is necessary for good work of any kind. As to foods, a man has to take on his tramp what is set before him. It will generally be nourishing enough if he will be careful to eat it when not tired and to eat it slowly. At the end of each day take a sponge or towel bath or a dry rub down. At least wash your feet and change socks, and shoes, too, if possible. A change of all my clothing next to the skin at the end of each day is imperative with me.—Chicago News.

An Honest Sergeant.

A military story comes from Ireland. A noncommissioned officer, entering a barrack gate in Dublin, was mistaken by the "fresh one" on sentry go, who immediately saluted him. The noncommissioned officer, unaware that his colonel was just behind, returned the salute, a thing not permissible under the circumstances. Arrived at his quarters, he was surprised to find an order for him to attend before the colonel. On presenting himself he was asked how he came to return the salute, knowing full well he was not entitled to it. Not in the least embarrassed, he promptly answered, "Sir, I always return everything I am not entitled to." The colonel, taken aback by his ready wit, laughingly dismissed him.

The American Language.

The prevalence of lower jaw rigidity among our men of all callings and degrees of culture is amazing. The following report of a conversation in a street car between two prominent, well educated business men does them no injustice:

"Wah." (How are you?)
"Whahah." (How are you?)
"The deh." (Fine day.)
"S, uh call ut s." (Yes, I call it so.)
"Wah thing len?" (How are things in general?)
"Wah, wah don all, tunch, thah; sar kee this tirm these tie." (Well, we're doing a little, not much, though; it's hard to keep things stirring these times.)
"Shh. Bout rye. Fine sun." (That's so. You're about right. I find it so.)—Forum.

Where Millions Are Made.

There is a gray, severe building towering up from the foot of Broadway. There are no signs upon its walls. Its windows are not lettered. It preserves an air of mystery. The only outward clew to the solution of it is the rubber doormat, for in the intricacies of its design one can cipher the letters "S. O. Co." The building looks toward the North river and over the vast oil yards and refineries of the Kill von Kull. It is the headquarters of the most powerful trade combination in America—the Standard Oil company. It is here that the Rockefeller brothers toil and spin their millions.—New York Advertiser.

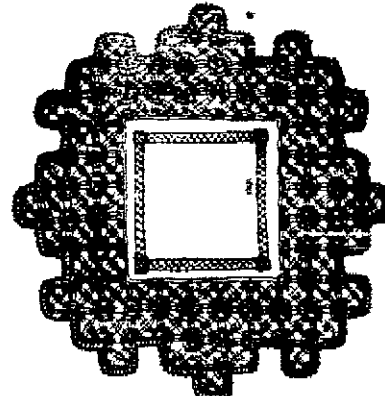
At Crawfordsville, Ind., in the summer of 1890 there was a shower of fish and anglerworms. The fish were without eyes and all about two inches long.

THE "FINE TRAINED LION" AND "CANNING WORK" OF THE NORTHEASTERN OF TODAY.

Among the latest attractions shown in the house of Anne Hathaway at Stratford-on-Avon, by Mrs. Baker, a descendant of the Hathaway family and present custodian of the cottage in which Will Shakespeare wrote and when his words, are the sheets and other pieces of linen used on the occasion of the Shakespeare and other weddings in the 16th century. And it existed early in our own country, handed down, without doubt, from our English ancestors. Appearing in the simplest form in what is styled "hemstitching," very much more elaborate effects were produced. As a rule, these pieces of work, effected by drawing the threads of the linen only in one direction, took on a resemblance to insertion, but in the course of time the drawing was crinkled and American women produced intricate and elaborate specimens of drawn work.

It is to the women of Mexico, however, and chiefly to the peasantry of the country, that the palm must be accorded for the most successful accomplishments in this beautiful and remarkable variety of needlecraft. The linen employed is from that of the coarse and heavy texture sometimes seen in table scarfs to the finest lawn devoted to ladies' handkerchiefs. It is best when linen of fine quality and close texture is used that it should be of firm, round thread, as the textile of this description is more easily drawn than is the flat and loosely spun.

The drawing of the threads constitutes a very important portion of the work, and to facilitate the drawing of the thread some workers first wash the



DOLLY IN MEXICAN DRAWN WORK

linen in the suds of white soap, permitting it to dry unruined—a preliminary step never taken, it is said, by a Mexican woman. The threads are drawn and the hem secured by hemstitching, if the piece is to be hemmed. The linen is then stretched in a light wooden frame, when the special design is entered upon.

According to the quality of the linen upon which the work is done, thread from No. 30 to No. 250 is used, the last producing work as delicate as the finest mechin lace.

Drawn work now enters largely into bed and table linen—enriching sheets and pillowcases, tea table covers, napkins, doilies, sideboard and bureau scarfs, towels and handkerchiefs. It also ornaments ladies' underwear and baby linen. The Decorator and Furnisher, from which the foregoing illustration and interesting facts are drawn, says that for very finest pieces of work the dainty handspun French linen lawn and Chinese grass linen are recommended, with a good word for the machine-made, soft finished lincens, of firm round thread, of Irish, French, Dutch and Belgian manufacture; for large pieces and heavier work the "Old Bleach" lincens.

Sweet Watermelon Pickle.

Ripe cucumbers and watermelon rinds are the standard materials for sweet pickles, though many fruits are used, according to taste or circumstances. The manner of procedure given by Good Housekeeping is similar in all cases: Boil in clear water till a straw will penetrate the solid pieces. Take enough vinegar to cover the materials, and for each quart add 3 pounds of brown sugar, 4 ounces of stick cinnamon and 2 ounces of cloves. Bruise the spices, tie them in a muslin bag and boil with the vinegar and sugar for five minutes. Pour the liquid over the fruit in a large jar. Next morning turn off, boil for five minutes, pour back and repeat for three or four days. Then set the pickles aside to season for a few days before using.

Fried Tomatoes.

Wash and wipe 4 large tomatoes, cut each one into three slices. Season with an even teaspoonful of salt, a half even teaspoonful of pepper, dust over with flour. Dip each slice separately into beaten egg and cover with grated bread crumbs. Place a large frying pan with a heaping tablespoonful of lard or drippings over the fire when hot, put in as many of the tomato slices as conveniently will go in the pan without crowding. Fry light brown on both sides. Remove them to a hot dish and serve with fried or baked fish, or broiled or fried chops and steak.

Grape Preserves.

Wash the grapes after they are picked from the stems and put them over the fire with just enough water to keep them from scorching in the kettle. Cook very slowly, and as the seeds escape through the bursting skins they should be skimmed off as they rise to the surface, till all have been taken out. Stir the grapes frequently meantime. When sure that all of the seeds have been extracted, add a pound of sugar for each pound of the fruit originally put on and boil for ten minutes.

Mayonnaise Sauce.

In a bowl of china fine salt, pepper, vinegar combine; Beat up with a yolk of egg; Continue stirring as it begins. Drop by drop pour in the oil, But be careful not to spoil. Let thicken as it should do, Stirring always through and through. When enough is made to last To use at your next repast, Lay aside in a cool spot, But until then touch it not.

NEW CROP BUCKWHEAT

is in town, just in from the mill that makes nothing but pure buckwheat. Ask for Larowe's Country Buckwheat, which is all buckwheat, grown in the country, ground in the country, sent sealed from the country to you. Your dealer has it in two, five, and ten pound packages, or write to LAROWE MILLING CO., Limited, COHOCTON, N. Y.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."

GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

SENDING BICYCLES BY MAIL.

An American Forwards His Wheel by Post from London to Paris

The English parcel post system has been extended so as by mutual agreement to include France, and it is now possible to mail packages not over 20 pounds in weight and not of a higher value than \$100, from any point in one of these countries to any place in the other as what appears to be a ridiculously low tariff. The payment of a registration fee also insures compensation for any damage incurred during transit.

Knowledge of this recently enabled an American tourist to send his machine from London to Paris by mail at less expense and trouble than he could have transported it in any other fashion, while at the same time the machine was more carefully handled than it would have been if left to the tender mercies of the continental baggage-smasher. The wheels and handle-bar were removed from the frame and carefully wrapped in heavy paper, so as to make a compact bundle, before the postage was paid, and when the wrappings were removed at the tourist's hotel in Paris the machine was in perfect condition.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures when all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Melville's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.

FOOD FOR BABIES.

A Scientific Opinion as to the Diet of the Small Fry.

At the congress for the protection of children, sitting at Bordeaux, France, a resolution was adopted to the effect that artificial food should be forbidden in the case of infants under six months of age, that from six months to twelve months of age the food should be milk with a little farinaceous material or the yellow of eggs, and that from one to two years the diet should consist of milk, eggs, mashed vegetables, tapioca and a little boiled fish. The feeding bottle with india-rubber tubing was unanimously condemned.

A good appetite and refreshing sleep are essential to health of mind and body, and these are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Never Say Die.

Many desperate cases of kidney diseases pronounced incurable have been cured by the Clinic Kidney Cure. Many physicians use it. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, northeast cor. Main and North streets.

WEE BITS OF LAUGHS.

He—It makes me a better man every time I kiss you. She—I've been hoping, dear, that you would reform.—Life.

She (dreamily)—Only fancy—a month from to-day we shall be married. He (absently)—Well, let's be happy while we can.—Illustrated Bits.

"How will you have your eggs cooked?" asked the waiter. "Make any difference in the cost of 'em?" inquired the customer with the brimless hat and faded beard. "No." "Then cook them on top of a slice of ham," said the customer, greatly relieved.—Spare Moments.

Mrs. Watts—The doctor sent us his bill to-day for attendance on Willie. Mr. Watts—So? By the way, wonder how much property he has? Mrs. Watts—What on earth has that to do with his bill? Mr. Watts—Everything. If he isn't rich I can make him knock off about half of it.—Indianapolis Journal.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back, and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Melville's drug store.

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DONNELLY & GIRARD,

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private practice and for over thirty years by the

people with entire success. Every single Specific

a special cure for the disease named.

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1—Fever, Congestion, Inflammation... .35

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3—Teething, Colds, Crying, Wakefulness... .35

4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults... .35

5—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis... .35

6—Nervous, Toothache, Pain... .35

7—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo... .35

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9—Superstition or Partial Paralysis... .35

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11—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness... .35

12—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions... .35

13—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains... .35

14—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague... .35

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17—Kidney Diseases... .1.00

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20—Sore Throat, Quinsy, Ulcerated Throat... .35

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when you can get it so cheap. Call on me be-

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of Butler county.

For Lieutenant Governor,

JOHN P. PEASLEE,

of Hamilton county.

For Supreme Judge,

WILLIAM T. MOONEY,

of Auglaize county.

For State Auditor,

JAMES W. KNOTT,

of Richland county.

For State Treasurer,

WILLIAM SCHUBERT,

of Gallia county.

For Attorney General,

GEORGE A. FAIRBANKS,

of Franklin county.

For Member Board of Public Works,

HARRY B. KEIFFER,

of Tuscarawas county.

For Clerk of Supreme Court,

JOHN W. CRUICKSHANK,

of Miami county.

For State Senators, 32d District,

J. D. JOHNSON,

Of Mercer county.

H. J. LAWLER,

Of Allen county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

For Representative,

WILLIAM BUSLER,

For Treasurer,

AUGUST G. LUTZ,

For Sheriff,

AARON FISHER,

For Commissioner,

SAMUEL T. WINEGARDNER,

For Coroner,

L. J. STUEHRER,

For Infirmary Director,

(Long Term),

PETER LEIS,

Of Spencer Township.

For Infirmary Director,

(Short Term),

PETER LEIS,

Of Spencer Township.

For Infirmary Director,

(Short Term),

ELI MECHLING.

Although he took time to fill the

position of engineer of the Delphos

water works out of the month of

September, Robert Gamble asked the

city council to pay him for every

working day in the month, or \$5 a

day. And they did it. When King

Bob cracks his whip the Republican

councilmen dance.

It costs three times as much each

year to pay the interest on the public

debt of this city, under the present

Republican Ring rule as it would to

pay the entire indebtedness of Allen

County. The county business is

managed by honest, conscientious

Democrats, while an unscrupulous

gang manipulates the affairs of Lima.

Will the Lima Gazette please ex-
plain to the taxpayers why the
finance committee endorsed as correct
Bob Gamble's bill for \$125 for Sep-
tember services when they know he
had put in a great part of his time in
working on the plans of the Delphos
water works.

Between the time that is required
for Delphos and Spencerville work,
engineer Gamble does not have much
time to devote to Lima further than
to make out his bill for every work-
ing day in the month and get candi-
date-for-treasurer Standish to certify
to the same.

Will the Lima Gazette please ex-
plain what business the assistant en-
gineer of Lima, whose bill of \$50 per
month is so promptly indorsed "cor-
rect" by candidate-for-treasurer Stan-
dish, has using the time he has once
sold to the city, for the purpose of
making plats, etc., for Mr. Keith, of
Spencerville?

If candidate-for-treasurer Standish
had a man employed at his hoop mill
at Harrod, for \$5 per day, would he
pay him that price for every working
day in the month and yet allow him
to put in his time in the employ of
other people? No, indeed. He would
want full service or reduced pay.
And yet he pays out the taxpayers'
money with the utmost prodigality
for services not rendered in good
faith to the city.

In three years the Republican ad-
ministration of Ohio has increased
the indebtedness of the State \$38,-
000,000. This is on about the same
scale as the debt-creating Republi-
can administration of Lima, which
has brought the bonded indebtedness
of this city to about \$500,000, and
now seeks to get control of the coun-
ty so that the county debt can be in-
creased from ten thousand to half a
million dollars.

A more flagrant illustration of the
arbitrary measure in which the Ring
controls the Republican members of
the Lima Council cannot be had than
that of Monday, when King Bob
Gamble cracked his whip and told
candidate for Treasurer Standish
that he must have full pay for every
working day in September, notwith-
standing the fact that the work for
Delphos water works and for Spencer-
ville people has consumed quite a
large amount of time. And Chair-
man of the finance committee, who
is Candidate Standish, promptly
indorsed the bill. This is the way the
Republican administration wastes
the taxpayers' money.

The Delphos Herald of Wednesday
says:
E. H. Gamble presented the specifi-
cations for the water works, which
was accompanied by a letter stating
that he was busy working on the
plans, which would be ready in a few
days.

And yet Bob Gamble has sold his
time to the city of Lima for \$5.00 a
day. On last Monday evening the
council paid his bill for \$125.00 for
September services. This is at the
rate of \$5.00 per day for every work-
ing day in the month. Yet he had
put in a great deal of time for the
city of Delphos during the month of
September, but made no discount on
his bill to this city for their time re-
solved to Delphos. Bob being a part
of the Ring his bill was paid without
discount.

Ring rule has wrecked this city's
finances. Her treasury is empty and
many of the accounts overdrawn.
There is no prospect of a surplus
which can be dissipated; the people
are taxed about as heavily as they
will endure, and the Republican
Ring can see only one way to recoup.
That is to break into the county
treasury and squander the county
money. Having now a majority on
the Board of Commissioners, the
Ring, if they could capture the
treasurer's office, would dictate abso-
lutely what should be done, and be-
fore the expiration of the sixteen
months that they will control the
board, Allen county would be plunged
into deeper indebtedness than she
has ever known. Taxes for county
purposes would increase in the same
ratio that the city taxes have in or-
der that the Ring might revel in lux-
ury at the expense of the taxpayers.

Mr. Standish, the candidate for
treasurer on the Republican ticket,
is much in favor of paying the as-
sistant engineer \$50.00 per month out
of the taxpayers money whether the
man is at work or not; and whenever
King Bob orders him to do so he en-
dorses as correct a bill for him for
\$125.00 a month for 25 days service in

September when he is well aware
that during that time service was
rendered to the city of Delphos which
should have been credited on the ac-
count of this city. This is also paid
out of the taxpayers' money. It
would be very pertinent for Mr.
Standish to tell the people whether
he spends his own money with that
same degree of liberality. At the
present time his hoop mill at Harrod
is shut down and a number of men
thrown out of employment. Does he
continue to pay them for the time
they are not occupied? No, in-
deed. It is quite a different thing
to apply the same rule to his private
funds. A man who will waste the
taxpayers' money should not be made
treasurer of Allen county.

DOES NOT SUPPORT GREER.

The Gazette has dumped Steve Greer
as a candidate for Infirmary Director.
That sheet loudly advocates the elec-
tion of Kirby White as an Infirmary
Director but maintains a clam-like
silence as to Steve Greer, who was
nominated at the same convention
that nominated White. It is claimed
that the coolness of the Gazette toward
Greer is due to the fact that one of
the publishers of that sheet was in-
terested in an oil well on Greer's farm
which was a duster.

A Maine Industry.

If exactly the right thing could be
hit on, there would be industries that
would make the agriculturists, and con-
sequently the other inhabitants of every
state in the Union prosperous. The
dairy cow did this for Iowa. The corn
cannery is doing it for Maine.

Corn would be the last product one
from a more southerly state would
expect to be profitable in Maine, since
as a field crop it will only occasionally
mature at all, owing to early frosts. Yet
the fact remains that, acre for acre, the
Maine farmer makes more money out
of his corn crop than the Illinois farmer
does. The Illinois man raises corn for
hogs, the Maine man raises it for can-
ning.

The corn canning industry is now
practically in the hands of Maine men.
About 30,000,000 two pound cans of
sweet corn are put up there annually.
If we should enter an African jungle,
we should probably find an empty corn
tin from Maine there. The business is
thoroughly systematized, even to the kind
of corn the agriculturist plants. It is a
sweet, small grained variety, which has
been found by experience the best for its
purpose. The factory supplies this seed
to the planter. Usually each man sows
two or three acres. Counting all cost,
the crop nets the farmer \$60 to \$70 the
acre.

The factory pays from 1 to 2 cents a
pound for the corn after it is cut from
the cob. The farmer has this ready money.
He hauls the husks and cobs back
home and feeds them along with the
leaves and stalks to his livestock. They
are a valuable food.

The advent of a corn cannery in a
farming neighborhood is a sign of com-
ing prosperity to that community.

The Irish Republic.

There is rich satire in the cable dis-
patch which was sent from London to
that convention in Chicago, exhorting
the Irish of America to stand unitedly
for the freedom of the country. If the
Irishmen of Ireland had stood united,
even those of them in the British parli-
ament, home rule for Ireland would
now be very near, if not an accomplish-
ed fact. It might not have been actual
independence and an Irish republic, such
as many of Erin's patrons in America
are clamoring for at the safe distance of
8,000 miles, but it would be such in-
dependence as a state of the American
Union enjoys, which is enough for any-
body. Only for the disastrous splits and
subplots of the Irish members of parli-
ament the Conservatives would never
have returned such a majority in the
present parliament. Under the circum-
stances it looks well, does it not, for
Irishmen in London to cable to the dele-
gates to the convention of Irish National-
ists in Chicago to "stand united?"

If Irish independence could have been
achieved in America, the thing would
have been done long ago. Money and
eloquence have poured from this coun-
try across to the Emerald Isle in a steady
stream. Meanwhile while they wait it
still eases the minds of Irish patriots in
America to meet in convention and pro-
claim themselves the implacable foe of
England.

How little the British press represents
the British public is seen in the matter
of the new American challenge. The
English press belched forth fiery jingo-
ism. Several papers even went so far as
to announce with solemn dignity that it
would be many a year before another
challenge would leave Great Britain to
sail a race for the cup, even if such a
challenge ever was issued. "Englishmen
are true sportsmen," oracularly an-
nounced another, "Americans are only
sporting men." And immediately on the
heels of these came the challenge of Mr.
C. D. Rose of the Royal Victoria Yacht
club to sail, absolutely without condi-
tion, a race with any American yacht
next year for the cup. This is sufficient
comment on the spirit of the press of
Great Britain without a word more.

STOP THEM NOW.

The evils inflicted on the people of
Ohio by the last two general assemblies,
are almost incomprehensible until one
listens to the cries of distress, because
of burdensome taxation following vicious
and often dishonest legislation, coming
up like the many voices of a troubled
sea from every direction.

Do the people realize the tremendous
annual drain upon the property and re-
sources of the commonwealth to meet
the state, county, municipal and other
local taxes? During the past year the
total amount of taxes in all forms in the
state of Ohio far exceeded \$50,000,000.

At this rate it would only take 25
years for the whole present valuation on
the grand delphic to pass through the
hands of the tax gatherer!

Eighty per cent of this enormous bur-
den is the result of vicious and bad local
legislation. The Seventieth and Sev-
enty-first general assemblies did more
of this class of legislating than all of
the predecessors for 25 years com-
bined.

This destructive and blighting work
was performed by two legislatures which
were overwhelmingly Republican. Had
the Republican leaders and Republican
conventions repudiated the work of
these legislatures, the party might have
been absolved from responsibility in the
estimation of fair minded men.

But they only did not do this, but
they indorsed and praised the every act
of these legislatures—praised and in-
dorsed the very acts which have, within
the past year, caused thousands upon
thousands of men in moderate circum-
stances to mortgage their homes to pay
their taxes.

This is what will confront the voter
everywhere when he goes to the polls
in November.

The Republican leaders feeling secure
of victory and caring nothing for the
people's protests, demand a verdict of
vindication and a new lease of power.
And what is the voter, with the mill
stone around his neck, going to do about
it?

FARMERS ON SALARY GRAB.

The farmers of the state are beginning
to wake up to some of the wrongs done
them by recent Republican legislatures.

"Resolved, That it is our opinion,"
said the farmers of Coshooton county at
a recent meeting, "that our Ohio legis-
lature in resolving to have biennial ses-
sions, yet voting to themselves full pay,
as though they sat at the legislative
halls, while they sat quietly at home
with their wives and children, in their
chimney corners are guilty of a 'salary
grab' that has been nowhere exceeded,
if equaled. They have thereby made a
farce of legislation and justice, and de-
serve the condemnation and righteous
indignation of the taxpayers upon their
heads."

The membership of this farmer's so-
ciety is made up of men of all the polit-
ical parties, but they unanimously de-
nounced this Republican salary grab.

But what do the Republican leaders
and newspapers say in answer to their
protests?

So far the only reply is to ridicule
these farmers as "jays" and "hay seeds"
for adopting such a resolution.

But they call on all farmers, and
especially all Republican farmers, to
vote an indorsement of this unequaled
salary grab.

"We know of no divisions in the
Democratic party of Ohio," says the
Cincinnati Enquirer, "which are not
subordinate to the party's cause. Mr.
Campbell is the candidate for governor
of every Democrat in the state. As to
the senatorship, to succeed Senator
Brice, every Democrat is in favor of a
Democratic legislature. To secure this
end every Democrat will vote for every
Democratic legislative nominee in his
county. He will not be dissuaded from
this by any petty neighborhood quarrel
or disappointment. A Democratic legis-
lature will insure the election of a
Democratic senator. A majority of the
Democrats in the legislature would de-
termine who should receive the support
of all. If the choice should again fall
upon Senator Brice, the state would be
sure of a capable and energetic repre-
sentative. If it should fall upon any
other equally good Democrat, Senator
Brice and his friends would cheerfully
acquiesce in the result. The long and
short of it is that this is a year in which
the Ohio Democrats intend to exercise
all their fighting propensities and abili-
ties against the Ohio Republicans."

In speaking of Governor Foraker's
declaration in favor of the odious Mc-
Kinley bill the Cincinnati Enquirer
says that probably no public measure
was ever more violently repudiated by
the American people than was the Mc-
Kinley law of 1882. It was the statute
which was chiefly responsible, in so far
as any act of legislation or administra-
tion can be held accountable for the
panic and distress from which the coun-
try is just emerging. It was also at the
root of the trouble of the United States
treasury. It was a failure as a revenue
maker, and it was a shock to protection-
ists who believe in protection for pro-
tection's sake, and satisfactory only to
those who demand that the tariff shall
be regulated to promote the fortunes of
the few.

The Republican leaders here in Ohio
seem to begin to realize already that
their threat to set about destroying our
national prosperity by a crusade of
"tariff tinkering," is only going to have
the effect of destroying their own
chances for success at the polls.

WITHOUT FRILLS.

James E. Campbell, as can be plainly
seen by his opening speech in Columbus
on Saturday night last, is a plain prac-
tical citizen who knows the wants of
the state.

He wears neither frills nor feathers,
nor does he shine in the meretricious
glitter of great wealth. He is one of
the plain people. He did not seek the
nomination for governor, and when it
was unanimously tendered to him he
accepted it with becoming diffidence and
modesty.

He is under obligations to no one—to
no faction—to no clique for the nomina-
tion. That is not only to his honor, but
to his advantage.

He hasn't issued a prospectus in seven
glowing colors with a view of catching
votes. In fact, he isn't travelling on a
prosperity, but on a record that is open
to every one.

He will be again triumphantly elected
by the people, and the record of his sec-
ond, like his first, term as governor will
be an enviable one, and he will step
from the office of Governor into the
Presidency of the United States. The
business men are for him because he is
a real, practical business man. Citizens
generally, young and old, are for him
because he is safe, reliable and square,
and everybody else, as well as those
named, are for him because he is plain,
genial and brilliant Jimmy Campbell.

The moral of all this: Polverize and
annihilate Boss George B. Cox and all
the other big and little bosses, now that
the golden opportunity presents itself.

WHY, INDEED!

Why do the Republican state officials
refuse to explain to the people the con-
dition of the state treasury?

Because they dare not discuss, much
less explain or defend, their own man-
agement of these affairs.

Why do the scores and scores of Re-
publican leaders seeking for nomina-
tions to the various offices remain silent
as to home and state matters, and last
winter's salary grab?

Because if they made these things an
issue they would be overwhelmingly
beaten after receiving the nomination.

Why does the Republican press re-
main silent on all these matters?

It knows that the course of its ex-
travagant leaders and its inexplicably
corrupt legislatures, is absolutely in-
defensible. It cannot defend it—therefore
it seeks to ignore it.

The people have the right to demand;
and it is their duty to demand, an ac-
counting at the hands of their public
stewards.

If they fail to do so, they are not only
foolish but unfit to exercise the rights of
sovereignty.

George B. Cox determines in advance
who shall hold office and who shall not
in Hamilton county and the city of Cin-
cinnati. He takes a piece of paper and
a pencil and writes out the list and the
people have to indorse it. He expects,
by the election of the Republican state
ticket which he named, and a Republi-
can legislature, to take possession of the
state of Ohio, and decide who shall hold
the offices.

The fact is that the Republican lead-
ers, while trying to straddle the tariff
question and make themselves agree-
able to both sides, have, in spite of
themselves, given notice that Re-
publican success in Ohio in November
next would mean a campaign to plunge
the country into another violent tariff
agitation, quickly succeeding the one
which has been a disturbing element to
business and labor for almost a decade.

When the Hocking canal seal was on
its final passage in the house Charles P.
Griffin of Lucas and David L. Sleeper
of Athens two Republican leaders,
openly charged each other with taking
bribes from rival syndicates who were
trying to get that valuable piece of
state property for a mere song. And
the legislature was afraid to investigate
the charges.

There was an auction of silks in New
York city recently in which goods to
the value of \$150,000 were disposed of.
The notable feature of the sale was that
most of the vast quantity of silk, 7,500
pieces in all, was bought by southern
merchants. The south is prospering to-
day as no other section of the country.
The south did not feel the panic
as the north did. With its mild cli-
mate crops are much more certain than
they are in the north. Its vast resources
have not even been scratched over as
yet. With good roads, good schools and
a public sentiment that will let men
vote as they please and speak their
minds the south can reach out and cap-
ture three-quarters of the migration
that now goes on toward the northwest.
She will boom into such prosperity as
she herself never yet dreamed of.

English fruit commission dealers are
playing a dirty British trick on both
their customers and the orchardists of
California. This year large quantities
of California fruit have been shipped to
Great Britain. Some of it is in prime
condition, other lots not so good. The
prime the English merchant sells as
choice English grown hothouse fruit.
The rest, which is mean and poor, he
calls American fruit and sells for what
he can get. By calling prime California
grapes and apricots English hothouse
products the British dealer has in some
cases realized 1,000 per cent profit on
them.

It is Known By Its Cures

It is not what we say, but what
Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the
story of its merit.

The thousands of people whom it has
raised from disease and despair to happi-
ness and health, are the strongest and
best advertisements Hood's Sarsaparilla
has. No other preparation in existence
has such a record of wonderful cures.

This is why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the
largest sale, and requires for its produc-
tion the largest laboratory in the world.

Now if you need a good medicine, why
not try that which has done others so
much good. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye. \$1.00 for

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with

Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c

Was a Bond Syndicate Necessary?

The Social Economist thinks that for
redemption purposes the banks of the
United States could practically be con-
solidated and the greenback issue dis-
tributed among them in proportion to
their capital, or a "Federal Bank of the
American Union" might be established,
with a capital of \$100,000,000, and this
would deliver the country from the
Philistines in the shape of the "foreign
bond syndicate," engineered by the
Rothschilds, which is what The Social
Economist particularly objects to. It
declares that for an independent govern-
ment to surrender its treasury powers
to a syndicate to be "financed" is a
transaction we might look for in the
case of a weak government like, say,
Egypt, "but it is without precedent in
the case of the United States or any
first class power."

The plan of The Economist editor
would be for the government to do its
own financing, unifying all the existing
banks into a consolidated system for
purposes of general transactions. To
this we would add:

The crowning of the unified and confeder-
ated banking system with a federal bank with
branches after the model of the banks devised
in 1791 by Hamilton and Morris, and in 1816 by
Madison, Gallatin and Dallas. The functions
of such a bank will be in part (1) to maintain
and enforce redemption of all bank notes in
gold by whatever bank the notes shall be
issued throughout the United States. (2) to in-
sure

WOMEN

Recommended for Places on Agricultural Boards.

Mrs. Gougar Delivered an Interesting Address—The Proceedings of the Second Day's Session of the Ohio W. C. T. U.

At the afternoon session of the W. C. T. U. yesterday afternoon, fifteen minutes were devoted to devotional exercises, conducted by Mrs. J. T. Foote, of Cleveland. These services were concluded in the repeating of the twenty-third psalm by the delegates in unison and a consecration prayer offered by Mrs. Foote.

The minutes of the morning session were read by the recording secretary, Miss Anna M. Pollock, of Newark, and approved.

The preliminary report of the committee on credentials was called for, and read by Corresponding Secretary Mrs. A. H. Clevenger, president of the committee. The report stated that thirty-three officers and one hundred and forty-two delegates had reported.

The minutes of the executive meeting were read, and were approved after being corrected. Minutes of the executive meeting of last evening were also read and approved. Mrs. Mary Eagye, of Newark, and Miss Huett and Mrs. Mary Armstrong, whom Mrs. Lillian Cole Bethel, of Columbus, appointed pages, were instructed to occupy the front seat in the audience room at such times as they were not busy.

The press committee reported that arrangements had been made to have the local daily newspapers delivered to the convention. Mrs. Harriett E. Hammond, of Cleveland, was then called upon to speak in reference to the Ohio W. C. T. U. Messenger, and her remarks were followed by reports of delegates who had attended the World's convention. These reports were all interesting and showed the rapid growth of the order and the great work that is being accomplished by it.

An address upon the subject which is of vast interest to the delegates and other members of the organization—"The Spiritual Inspiration of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union and Growth of the Work, 1878-1895" was to have been delivered at this hour by Mother Stewart, who is well known as one of the greatest workers and one of the most eloquent speakers belonging to the Union, but she being

seriously ill in Chicago, could not be present. A letter written by her to the convention was read, however.

The massive told of the writer's illness and how she was being cared for by earnest friends and concluded by requesting the sisters in the convention to pledge themselves to continue the good work in the name of the Lord, and that she would join them by renewing the pledge herself on Wednesday. The pledge was adopted by a full vote of the convention.

Mrs. Sarah M. Perkins, of Cleveland, next addressed the convention upon "Suffrage at the World's Convention." She stated that woman's suffrage was never more strongly advocated than at that meeting, and especially by the men who were visitors there.

Other addresses all of which were ably prepared and delivered, the following interesting subjects being thoroughly discussed—"Our Excursion," by Mrs. Bashore; Organization and Petition, Miss C. S. Barnett; The Delegates, Miss Mattie Campbell; Speeches at Convention, Mrs. Mattie A. Boughton; Decorations, Mrs. Evelyn Graham; Presentation of Visitors, Mrs. Mary Hunt; Grindelwald Conference, Mrs. Crowl; Moral Heroism of the Workers, Mrs. McCrook.

The reports of State Superintendents, each officer being allowed ten minutes time, were all brief, but to the point, and each introduced some new and practical suggestion in the different departments of work respectively. The superintendents who reported, and their respective departments, were as follows:

Temperance Literature and Union Signal, Mrs. Eliza J. Gray, Medina; Hygiene, Miss M. Belle Linkmeyer, M. D., Sharonville; Physical Education, Miss Carrie B. Phelps, of Toledo; Juvenile Work, Mrs. Emma A. Wisner, of Peoria; Sabbath School Work—Mrs. Alice Terrell, Cleveland; Heredity—Miss Katherine Karl, M. D., Akron; Unfermented Wine—Mrs. Sarah L. Poston, Nelsonville; Flower Mission—Mrs. Mary Eagye, Newark.

After these reports were all received a few minutes were devoted to miscellaneous business and the convention adjourned for supper.

LAST EVENING'S SESSION

Opened at 7 o'clock with music and devotional exercises by one of the guests at the convention, Mrs. Josephine B. Nichols, of Indianapolis. Mayor Smiley was to have delivered an address of welcome to the delegates, but he being absent from the city, the delegates and visitors of the W. C. T. U. were welcomed by I. R. Longworth, in behalf of the city. His remarks were followed by an address of welcome in behalf of the Ministerial Association, delivered by Rev. J. P. Miller. He was followed by Mrs. Dr. Morse in a very able address of welcome in behalf of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Lima. She welcomed the delegates because they advocated everything that was good and were working earnestly and successfully toward the one great curse of the nation. She dwelt at considerable length

upon each department of the great work the delegates represented, and her remarks were received with applause.

A response to these addresses was to have been made by Mother Stewart, but in her absence the first response was informally made by Mrs. Helen S. Burns, of Athens. She thanked the citizens of Lima and local W. C. T. U. for the hospitality shown delegates, and hoped and believed they would profit by the convention. Another very able response was made by Miss Francis Ensign, of Madison, State superintendent of the young woman's branch. She said that the criticized "new woman" was not what is usually characterized, but was the young woman of the nineteenth century with nineteenth century ideas. Her address was full of interest and received merited applause.

After a vocal selection was rendered by a quartette from the First Baptist church, the president introduced one of the guests of the convention, Mrs. Helen M. Gougar, of Lafayette, Ind., whose address

WAS THE FEATURE

of the evening, her subject being "The Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the Liquor League." Her address occupied more than an hour, and the large audience was held deeply interested during the entire length of her address. During her remarks she introduced an object lesson in the form of press clippings. She had employed the Chicago Press Clipping Bureau to clip, for four months, the press dispatches giving accounts of serious crimes committed in that length of time that were directly caused by the use of liquor. She had received the press clippings, none of which were duplicated and none of more than ten or twelve lines each. She pasted all the clippings upon a strip of cloth and they reached the remarkable length of two hundred and seventy feet. She stated that she had prepared the clippings to take them before the prison congress which is trying to discover the cause of the remarkable increase in crime. She was frequently applauded during her address which concluded the exercises of the evening.

The morning session of today was called to order by the president, Mrs. Monroe, of Venia, at 9 o'clock and the opening devotional exercises were conducted by Mrs. Helen S. Burns, of Athens.

The minutes of yesterday's meetings were read and approved after which the president announced that it would be necessary to nominate and elect members to act with Mrs. Clevenger, of Wilmington and the state treasurer, Mrs. Estella J. Purdumas, a committee to appoint delegates to the National convention. Mrs. M. G. Townsend, of Holgate, Mrs. Eliza J. Gray, of Medina, and Mrs. Mary W. Castle, of Columbus were chosen. The president introduced Mrs. Mary J. Borden, president of the W. C. T. U., who made a brief address, after which, upon motion, she was made a member of the convention.

The report of superintendents, continued from yesterday, was next announced and Mrs. Anna W. Clark, of Columbus, president of the state and county fair department, was the first superintendent called. She reported that her department had succeeded in having two important resolutions adopted by the State Fair Board. The first resolution was that the board would recommend that a cottage be constructed on every fair ground in which the aged people and mothers and children could rest and the W. C. T. U. could distribute literature. The second was to recommend the election of women members of fair boards.

Mrs. Dora Webb, of Kent, reported in behalf of the Purity department. One of the important efforts in this department has been to prevent the production of living pictures and other immoralities on the theater stage.

After Mrs. Webb had finished her report the corresponding secretary read a communication announcing the death of the sister of district president, Miss Mary Emma Stanton, of Springfield, and upon motion the corresponding secretary was authorized to send a letter of sympathy from the convention.

The report of Mrs. Jane G. Dyart, of Wooster, superintendent of the Scientific Temperance Instruction department. She reported that the efforts of the workers in her department to secure scientific temperance instruction in the public schools was meeting with success and she thought that before long the scientific temperance instructions would be introduced into every school in the State.

Mrs. Sarah M. Perkins, of Cleveland, reported upon the progress being made in infirmary work, after which an address upon "School Suffrage" was made by Rev. Henrietta G. Moore, of Springfield.

Mrs. Moore was recently elected a member of the Springfield school board and the story of her successful campaign was very interesting. After she concluded the subject was allowed for discussion by the delegates. The chair asked the ladies who had been nominated for members of school boards to arise. Eightteen ladies responded, and were received with applause. Of the number who were nominated, five of them responded to the call for those who had been elected. They were Mrs. Jennie Wright, of Scotch Ridge; Mrs. Lucy C. Meeker, Fargo; Mrs. W. W. Worman, of Bowling Green; Mrs. E. J.

Brooker, and Mrs. Henrietta G. Moore, of Springfield.

Prof. Hopkins and the Silver Lake Quartette, well known to all the delegates, arrived and were presented to the convention. After Prof. Hopkins had made a few remarks, stating that both he and his singers had many friends among the White Ribbon ladies and were glad to be present in the convention,

A SONG WAS CALLED FOR, and the quartette responded with a beautiful selection entitled "Loyalty."

The discussion upon school suffrage was resumed and the brief remarks made by the delegates in the three minutes allowed each were all pertinent, and many practical suggestions were made. The discussions were concluded in an address of three minutes by Mrs. Helen M. Gougar, of Lafayette, Ind.

"Birthright Thank Offering Service," conducted by Mrs. Rebecca J. Trego, of Delaware, concluded the exercises of the morning, the convention adjourning for dinner at 11:30 o'clock.

FRIDAY MORNING

8:30—Devotional Exercises—Conducted by Miss Charlotte A. Boyer, Ripley.
9:45—Convention called to order.
Reading of Minutes.
9:00—Peace and Arbitration—Mrs. Abigail J. Hadley, Clarksville.
Report of the Young Woman's Branch—Miss Frances H. Foster, Madison.
Bible Readings and Evangelistic Work—Mrs. Rebecca J. Trego, Delaware.
10:00—Report of the committee on Finance.
9:45—Final Report of Credentials Committee.
10:00—Election of Officers.
11:30—Memorial Service—Conducted by Mrs. Rebecca J. Trego, Delaware.
1:00—Noonday Prayer.
Adjournment.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON

1:30—Devotional Exercises—Conducted by Mrs. Amanda A. Street, Knadash.
1:45—Convention called to order.
Reading of Minutes.
2:00—Election of Members of Board of Trustees.
3:00—Report of Committee on Plan of Work.
3:45—Report of Committee on Delegates to the National Convention.
4:00—Reading of Minutes.
4:30—Fairwell Service—Conducted by Mrs. M. G. Townsend, Holgate.
Benediction.
5:00—Adjournment.

FRIDAY EVENING

7:15—Organ Voluntary.
Solo—By Mrs. Moore.
Music—By the Choir.
7:30—Devotional Exercises—Conducted by Mrs. Rebecca J. Trego, Delaware.
Solo—Miss V. Badeau.
8:00—Address, "What American Citizenship Should Mean," by Rev. Henrietta G. Moore, Springfield.
Mrs. C. M. Country, "Tis of Thee."
Benediction.

TROLLEY WIRE

Injures Two Ohio Southern Trains at Bellefontaine Avenue.

Yesterday afternoon while on top of a cut of cars being backed over Bellefontaine Avenue, conductor Ormsby and brakeman Scully of the Ohio Southern were caught and thrown by a trolley wire which hung too close to the roof of the cars. The former was dragged some distance but escaped with a few bruises while Scully was less fortunate and is confined to his bed at Seiber's restaurant, but is not seriously hurt.

The street car company has raised the wire since the accident.

WEDDING BELLS

Marriage of Mr. G. S. Heaton and Miss Emma Pauline Shappel, in Lima.

At high noon today one of Delphos' most prominent and highly respected young business men, Mr. G. S. Heaton, was united in marriage to Miss Emma Pauline, the charming daughter of Mr. Daniel Shappel, a South Lima grocer. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's parents by Rev. E. M. Page, pastor of the Presbyterian church in this city. The happy couple left for Columbus for a week's stay to enjoy their honeymoon, after which they will return to Delphos and immediately go to housekeeping in the handsome Stallkamp residence on east Fifth street, which is being fitted up for their reception. The Herald extends congratulations and best wishes for the future happiness of the contracting parties.—*Delphos Herald*.

STREET TALK.

The leading soprano in a Lima choir shocked the audience by bursting out with "Give me more pie," and the alto hastened to follow the sacrilegious suggestion, singing in the same words. The women in the audience were gathering up their wraps and the men were looking for their hats, when the whole chorus came out strong with "Give us more piety," and the panic was averted.—*Columbus Grove Clipper*.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. convention are very desirous that the public attend the meetings, and especially those in the evening.

W. A. Livermore will lease the Citizens' opera house at Defiance. The property is in the hands of a receiver and the parties concerned are anxious that Mr. Livermore should take hold of the house and push it.—*Delphos Herald*.

Mrs. Dr. M. A. Kerr has removed her office and residence to 133 W. Wayne. It.

Gov. Campbell at Sidney, Saturday evening, Oct. 5. Train leaves Lima 6:05 p. m. Returning, leaves Sidney 11:00 p. m. Fare, round trip, \$1.00. —1-3t.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Casteria.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—According to general belief among in court or elsewhere Emperor William and his brother Prince Henry of Prussia are on very bad terms and Queen Victoria and ex-Emperor Frederick have been doing their utmost to bring about a reconciliation between them.

Fitzsimmons Training. CORPUS (HEIST), Tex., Oct. 3.—Fitzsimmons devoted yesterday to active training, going through the routine work with less fatigue than usual. The climate seems to agree with him.

Found Dead. CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 3.—Dr. Elliott F. Rogers of Chicago, instructor in chemistry at the Harvard college, was found dead in the laboratory last evening.

It is a great oversight on the part of the Republican leaders not to charge the \$92,000 salary grab to the 59 porters who run it at a cost of \$144.50 a day for porters alone.

This is the first time that George B. Cox has run against the whole state of Ohio. He will be wiser on the morning of the 6th of November, but not quite so good looking.

If you don't vote to protect your own interests the Republican leaders and bosses will not protect them for you.

The chief protection the people of Ohio stand in need of is protection from George B. Cox and his gang.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—The opening of the "Parliament of Man" in the Park street church at noon yesterday was well attended. Governor Greenhough was the principal speaker and delivered an address on "American Citizenship."

Spies Arrested. BERLIN, Oct. 3.—The authorities of Cologne have arrested several persons charged with what seems to be a thoroughly organized attempt to spy upon different fortified positions in Germany.

No Amnesty for Rebels.

RIO JANEIRO, Oct. 3.—The chamber of deputies has again rejected the bill for amnesty to the rebels in the department of Rio Grande do Sul.

Let Suicide.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 3.—Gilmore Harris, colored, serving 10 years in the penitentiary from Hamilton county, suicided by hanging.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows available cash balance, \$165,450,326, gold reserve, \$92,806,163.

Hanged Herself.

MONT WASHINGTON, Ky., Oct. 3.—Mrs. Aggie Wigginton 50 committed suicide in the country near here by hanging herself.

SNAP SHOTS

At Passing Events In Many Different Places.

The official trial of the steamship St. Louis was abandoned today because of the fact that the boilers had been filled with brackish water.

In New York a movement is on foot to have the committee of seventy to create a similar body to take the steps necessary to bring about a union of the two main forces.

Judge Smith at Bowling Green Ky. rendered a decision on the insurance companies must pay policy and full instead of only three-fourths of the value of the property destroyed. All the parties who were seriously injured at the blowing down of a tobacco barn at Green Bottom, Va., are improving.

Winners.

At Oakland—Yard, 1st Honor Eva L. Tenth. O. Landolotte, 2nd.
At Aqueduct—Governor Sheehan, Oiler Joe Cass, Captain T. D. Dineen.

Weather Indications.

For Ohio—Fair, southeasterly winds, becoming variable.
For West Virginia—Fair, southeasterly winds, slightly warmer.
For Indiana—Generally fair, slight change in temperature, light variable winds.

No. 2035.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Lima, in the State of Ohio at the close of business, September 28, 1896.

RESOURCES	DOLLARS
Loans and discounts	\$76,936.81
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,484.38
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	2,800.00
Stocks, securities, etc.	12,315.30
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	5,500.00
Other real estate and mortgages owned	29,538.18
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	4,219.83
Due from State Banks and bankers	1,742.25
Due from approved reserve agents	117,013.34
Checks and other cash items	20.92
Notes of other National Banks	5,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	68.07

LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK

Specie	\$ 18,506.50
Legal tender notes	20,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas.	8,586.60
Assets per cent of circulation	1,125.00
Total	\$53,620.98

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Undivided profits less expense and taxes paid	4,234.77
National bank notes outstanding	\$2,500.00
Due to other National Banks	886.88
Due to State Banks and bankers	7,966.37
Individual deposits subject to check	\$11,818.40
Demand certificates of deposit	\$2,820.10
Total	\$63,620.98

STATE OF OHIO

Countersigned by J. C. D. Gries, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. C. D. GRIES, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of October, 1896.

SAMUEL N. YOUNG, Notary Public, Allen County, Ohio.

CORRECT—Attest J. S. WHEELER, W. E. RICHIE, Directors.

CHILDREN'S DAY...

TO-MORROW.



AT THE

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

500 pairs Child's genuine Dongola Shoes, hand lasted made on the new needie toe, A to EE, worth \$1.50, for \$1.00 sizes 8 to 11.
500 pairs Misses' same style button and lace new needie toe elegant style, worth \$2.00, for \$1.50, widths, A to EE sizes, 11 1/2 to 2.
These are bargains you cannot afford to miss.

NEW FALL STYLES!

The New Ladies' Tokio makes any foot look handsome.
The New Spanish Welt Shoe; a beauty for street wear.
10 different styles of Ladies' new Columbia lasts, \$3.00.
Gents' new Patent Leather Tokio. the correct Shoe for dress wear.
Gents' new Enamels, the new last.
Everything new in fine Footwear.

LEADERS OF STYLES IN FINE FOOTWEAR.

COLUMBIA,

Opposite Postoffice, Lima, O.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

Conductor Armstrong, of the C. H. & D., reported for duty to day after taking a few days vacation.

Mrs. H. E. Hammond, of the Ohio W. C. T. U. Messenger, of Cleveland, is at the reporters' desk in the interest of her paper.

Miss Georgia Hopley, editor of the Columbus School Journal, of Columbus, is reporting the W. C. T. U. convention for the Voice (New York), Columbus Dispatch and Press-Post, the Bucyrus Journal and Evening Telegraph.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the L. E. & W. was held yesterday in Peoria, two-thirds of the stock being represented by proxy. Calvin S. Brice, John W. Doane, of Chicago, Henry W. Cannon, of New York, and Erskine M. Phelps, of Chicago, were re-elected directors.

The greatest lamp sale ever in Lima now going on at J. W. Rowlands'.

Lodge Notice.

Lima Lodge of J. G. meets to-night in the Wheeler block on West Market street.

\$5.00 lamps for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands' lamp sale.

WANTED.

WANTED—At Bowen's Bakery a girl, at once.

WANTED—A girl for General Housework. 130 South College.

WANTED—Good and experienced girl. Call at once.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. W. M. Irish 518 North West street.

FOR SALE—A wooden-frame show case, six feet long, at 518 North Main street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 130 West Wayne street.

Notice to Contractors

The sidewalk committee of the city council will sell certain sidewalks on Friday afternoon October 3rd.

Ice House E. High st. Office W. E. High St.

For Pure Spring Water Ice

Send your order to Wm. Pugh. All orders promptly attended to. Telephone No. 21.

W. M. PUGH.

NO. 54

East Side Public Square. First-class barber shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting. Orders to order. Special room for ladies' hair dressing.

A. C. LUTZ, Proprietor.

SCHOOL SHOES.

LITTLE GIANT SCHOOL SHOES.

Do you know how they wear? They wear like iron.

Do you know how they look? They look stylish and neat.

Do you know what they cost? Well, Waugh sells them, and that is a guarantee that they are as cheap as an A 1 Shoe can be put on the market.

J. M. WAUGH.

TO-DAY! TO-DAY!

Our Second Grand Autumn Opening Day.
A beautiful and useful souvenir with every dollar purchase or over, so don't fail to come. You are welcome, whether you wish to purchase or not. Come anyway and listen to the sweet music, which will be rendered by the Manhattan Mandolin Club's entire orchestra.

We remain Clothingly Yours,

THE MAMMOTH.

The Lima Times-Democrat

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.
COUNTING ROOM, 22 NORTH MAIN ST.
TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 24.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Elks meet to-night.

Ed Poage is able to be out, after a severe attack of typhoid fever.

Frank Delurich is rebuilding his barn, recently destroyed by fire.

Mrs. T. A. Tharp is seriously ill from an attack of malarial fever.

Pete Laughlin, the bustling coaching salesman, has taken a position at the Union.

Miss Hannah Weaver entertained a number of friends at her home on east North street, last evening.

Manager DeLong, of the Electric Light company, has leased one of the Hiltz residences in Collett street and will occupy it in a few days.

ABOUT PEOPLE

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

C. M. Overly was in Sidney yesterday.

J. F. Wilson, of Sidney, was in the city to-day.

Senator Johnson, of Celina, was in the city to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Lipscomb, of Fort Wayne, were in the city to-day.

Miss Emma Jones, of Van Wert, is here attending the Business college.

Mrs. E. Owens left this morning for Ottawa, to visit her brother, Allex Graham, who is sick with typhoid fever.

Clarence Reel left this morning for Ottawa to participate in the bicycle races at the county fair this afternoon.

Misses Dora Bradley and Hattie Olden have returned home after an extended visit in Troy, Piqua, Dayton and other cities.

Mrs. Louise Morvilius, of west Wayne street, returned yesterday from a visit with friends in Ft. Wayne and Delphos.

Mrs. J. F. Bennett, of south Pine street, left this morning for Cincinnati, and from there will go to Amelia, O., on a business trip.

Carl Lavey was in the city to-day. Carl and his brother Bert are engaged in the cigar jobbing business at Toledo and are doing quite a business.

Mrs. E. F. Swigert and sister, Miss Elie Gotral, have returned from Dayton, where they were attending the funeral of their sister, Mrs. Thos. Lee.

Dr. James M. Browder, of Celina, who has been here attending the 10-months-old son of Milton Browder and wife, of this city, returned home this morning, the patient being convalescent.

Miss Emma Slusher, of Frankfort, Ky., who has for several weeks been the guest of her niece, Mrs. O. A. Hiett, at 129 north Cemetery street, left for her home yesterday, to the regret of the many friends she made here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Makley returned to their home in Birmingham, Ala., to-day, after a pleasant visit with Conductor and Mrs. Wm. Armstrong, of north Pine street and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Makley, of north Elizabeth street.

J. W. Rowlands, general house furnisher.

SCARLET FEVER.

Several Cases of the Disease Exist in the City.

During the past few days three cases of scarlet fever have developed at the following places in the city: J. E. Grosjean, 114 west Market street; J. J. Wyre, 126 west Spring street; and at 208 east Elm street. The case of fever at Milton Bowder's in south Lima, is convalescent.

SIDE ROD BROKE.

An L. E. & W. Passenger Train Delayed by an Accident Last Evening.

East bound passenger train No. 2 due here at 6:55 o'clock, was forty minutes late last evening, on account of an accident.

When about one mile west of Celina, one of the side rods on engine No. 18, which was pulling the train, broke and engineer Carter was compelled to disconnect the broken side rod. The engine came in "on one side" and is now in the round house for repairs.

AN EMPTY GUN

And a Package of Booze Gets Ed Wright Into Trouble.

Yesterday afternoon, about 3:30 o'clock, Ed Wright, an L. E. & W. brakeman, made an unprovoked assault on day yardmaster Billy Richmond, of the P., Ft. W. & C., near the latter company's freight house.

Wright shoved a revolver into Billy's face and began to choke him, when several persons rushed to his assistance and Wright desisted and left. Wright gave himself up to the police last night, was locked up and an affidavit was filed against him in Squire Amur's court.

This morning Mr. Richmond withdrew the charge and Wright was dismissed. He said the revolver was empty.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

NEW CASES.

Francis E. Chaney vs. Cass Jolley and Grace Jolley. Transcript.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

G. A. Ritzler, jr., and Emma Fensler.

Dr. Doty at Burnet House, Oct. 11-12.

The noted specialist, Dr. Doty, of Columbus, O., cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Headache, Constipation, Nervousness, Palpitation of Heart, Liver, Kidney or Stomach trouble, and Female Weakness. At Burnet House, Lima, Oct. 11-12. See him. 9 10-12

J. W. Rowlands, general house furnisher.

For Contempt.

John Faupel was before Judge Richie late yesterday afternoon for contempt in disobeying the injunction in divorce and injunction case of Isabella Faupel vs. Adam Faupel and John Faupel. He was placed under \$500 for his appearance to-morrow.

Banquet lamps 27 in high for \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands.

Christ Church Choir.

On account of the illness of the organist or Christ church, the rehearsal this evening will be omitted. Rehearsal of full choir Saturday evening at 7 o'clock, sharp.

The greatest lamp sale ever in Lima now going on at J. W. Rowlands.

NO HOPE FOR HIM

P. D. McSweeney Brought Home from Cincinnati to Die

P. D. McSweeney, who left for Cincinnati last Thursday to undergo a second surgical operation for a cancer in the mouth, has been sent home to die.

The physicians at the Good Samaritan hospital, where Mr. McSweeney was taken, refused to perform another operation upon the patient because he was too weak to live through the ordeal. They claimed that nothing could be done to save the patient's life and advised Mrs. McSweeney to bring her husband home immediately as he would not live long. He is now at his home in south Lima and suffers so intensely that he is kept constantly under the influence of morphine. He cannot live very long.

DIME SOCIETY

Of St. Paul's Lutheran Church Holds an Interesting Meeting.

The Dime Society of St. Paul's Lutheran church drove out to the residence of R. G. Stockton, near the Children's Home, last evening, and held its regular monthly meeting. After the business of the organization had been transacted, an informal musical and literary program, participated in by the members, was rendered. A communication from Chas. K. Hutton, a member of the society, now at Mt. Airy Seminary, Pa., directed to the society, was read and listened to attentively. Renewed interest is being taken in the work of the society this fall.

OVER A HAT.

Two School Boys Had Some Trouble Last Evening.

Carl Magee was arrested and taken before Squire Amur last night on the charge of assault preferred by another boy named Rumbaugh. The boys were playing ball in a vacant lot on west Wayne street after school and they had some trouble over taking hats.

Young Magee was fined \$1 and costs which was remitted on his good behavior.

OPENING

Of Gymnasium Classes at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms.

Yesterday at 4:45 o'clock the first session of the season took place with the Business Men's class, and the following exercises indulged in, viz: Free correction drill work; abdominal exercise, a fast walk and slow run upon the track.

At 8 p. m. the Senior's met, with a surprisingly large attendance for this time of the year. Their exercises consisted of a fine military tactics, bar bell drill and fancy running on floor.

Visitors are not admitted until after Oct. 15.

To-morrow another Business Men's class and First Clerk's class will meet at 8 p. m.

MATCHES

Touched Off in F. X. Fleck's Residence Last Evening.

The Central fire department was called to 24 Howe avenue yesterday afternoon by a small blaze in F. X. Fleck's residence. It was extinguished before any damage was done or the department arrived.

The fire was caused by children touching off some matches in at upstairs room.

Don't fail to see the \$1.88 banquet lamps at J. W. Rowlands.

CHAS. McCLAY DEAD.

Former Resident of this City Dies in Urbana.

Chas. L. McClay, formerly connected with the firm of Altschul Bros., this city, but who has lately been living at Urbana, died at that place last night from consumption, after an illness of several months.

The Climates banquet lamp is the latest and most artistic banquet lamp ever produced in this or any other country. High art hand work. For \$1.88 at J. W. Rowlands.

OIL AND GAS.

ANOTHER TUNGET.

The Ohio Oil company drilled in their well on the old Tunget farm, east of the city and now owned by Wm. Roberts, yesterday afternoon. The well made several fows. It is a couple locations south of the famous Tunget well of eight years ago and about the same distance north of a dry hole completed a year or so ago.

THAT BLUFFTON WELL.

The last tank filled by the big Montgomery well, near Bluffton, was overflowing just six hours after oil was turned in, making a rate of 1,000 barrels a day with tools in the well.

Don't fail to see the \$1.88 banquet lamps at J. W. Rowlands.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

Three Big, Booming, Brilliant Values in Men's Underwear.

The Big Three.

A description of who and what they are—Their residence will be found at 233 and 235 North Main Street, in the Underwear Department of the Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.

Big

Values for the money is a Gent's Camel Hair Underwear, fleece lined, all sizes, full length, colors in tan, and the price—
25 cents a Garment.

Booming

Bargains for the price asked is a Gent's fine Knit Underwear. Neck and front trimmed with Mohair Braid, full sizes and lengths, heavy fleece lined, equal in quality to Underwear that sold last season for 75 cents. The price that makes it Booming is
50 cents a Garment.

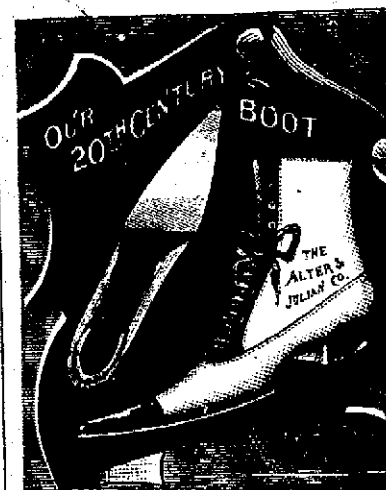
Brilliant.

The qualities that make this garment one of the most desirable of the three is that it resembles in quality and appearance a garment whose value is \$1.25. The color brings a beautiful mixture of Grey and White Wool, nicely woven, trimmed with silk Braid, heavy fleece lined, and the price that makes it popular is
75 cents a Garment.

The Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.,

Stores—233 and 235 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio.

HOW About Your Shoes?



Are you satisfied with the Foot-wear you have been buying? You will find Gooding's Shoes the best and cheapest, more styles, better goods, greater selections. Our display of

FALL AND WINTER SHOES

excels anything ever in Lima. In Ladies' Shoes we have hand turned, hand and McKay sewed; in patent leather, English Enamel, Box Calf and Dongola, all sizes, shapes, styles and widths, ranging in price from \$1.25 to \$5.00.

Each particular Shoe at the price quoted representing a bargain.

Men's Shoes in patent leather, English Enamel cordovan and calf, double soles, single soles, cork soles, with or without Scotch edges. Every style and shape represented.

Boys', Youths', Misses' and Children's Shoes in great variety and abundance. We select only such Shoes that will give good reasonable wear. It's your regular trade we want, at

GOODING'S,

230 North Main Street.

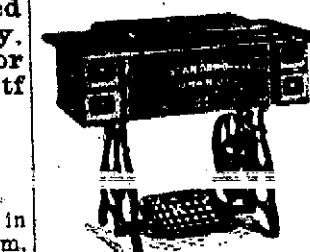
WHY SHOULDN'T WE LAUGH?

The Standard Rotary is a perfect marvel of mechanical genius, and domestic usefulness.



The Standard Grand is the very latest in style of woodwork and excels all drop-head machines.

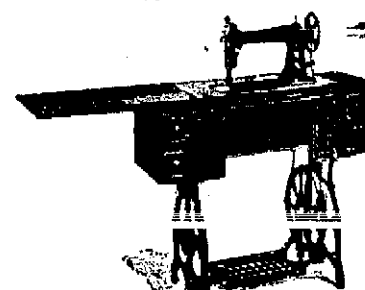
STANDARD.



CLOSED.

This is the only drop-head machine that machine-head remains in a vertical position when closed, and opens and closes with one movement.

GRAND.



OPEN.

We have a large assortment of all makes of machines from \$5 upward for sale on easy terms. New and second hand.

A few of the Bargains: One genuine Singer, \$15; one White, \$20; one New White \$25; one Paragon, \$30; one Victor, \$5, etc., etc., etc. Needles, Oil, Parts, Repairs for all.

HOOVER BROS.,

Complete House Furnishers, Lima, Ohio.

The STANDARD SEWING MACHINE is the Pride of the Nation.